

Safety Data Sheet according to UK REACH Regulations SI 2020/1577

Revision date: 4/22/2021 Supercedes: 2/9/2021 (last EU SDS)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier:	
Product trade name: Company product number: UK REACH registration number: Substance name: Substance identification number: Other means of identification:	Kalama* Lilestralis* Pure LALPURE UK-01-6443776797-9-0001 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde EC 201-289-8 32229; p-tert-Butyl-alpha-methylhydrocinnamic aldehyde (BMHCA)
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or	mixture and uses advised against:
Uses: Uses advised against:	Fragrance ingredient. Industrial applications. Professional applications. Consumer applications. See Annex for covered uses. None identified
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	et:
Manufacturer/Supplier:	Emerald Kalama Chemical Limited Dans Road Widnes, Cheshire WA8 0RF United Kingdom Telephone: +44 (0) 151 423 8000
For further information about this SDS:	Email: product.compliance@emeraldmaterials.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number:	

ChemTel (24 hours): 1-800-255-3924 (USA); +1-813-248-0585 (outside USA).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture:

Product classification according to GB CLP as amended:

Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 4 , H302 Skin Irritation, category 2, H315 Skin sensitizer, category 1B, H317 Reproductive Toxicity, category 2, H361f Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, category 3, H412

See Section 2.2 for full text of H (Hazard) statements.

2.2. Label elements:

Product labeling according to GB CLP as amended:

Hazard pictogram(s):



P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Supplemental information: No Additional Information

Precautionary statements are listed according to the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Annex III and GB CLP Guidance on Labelling and Packaging. Regulations in individual countries/regions may determine which statements are required on the product label. See product label for specifics.

2.3. Other hazards:

PBT/vPvB criteria: Other hazards: This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria. No Additional Information

See Section 11 for toxicological information.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance:

<u>CAS-No.</u> 0000080-54-6	<u>Chemical Name</u> 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl) propionaldehyde	<u>Weight%</u> 99-100	<u>Classification</u> Acute Tox. 4 Oral- Aquatic Chronic 3- Repr. 2- Skin Irrit. 2- Skin Sens. 1B	<u>H Statements</u> H302-315-317-361- 412
0056107-04-1	3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2- methylpropanol	0.1-<1.0	Acute Tox. 4 Oral- Aquatic Chronic 3- Eye Irrit. 2- Repr. 2- Skin Sens. 1B	H302-317-319-361- 412
CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Weight%	UK REACH Registration No.	EC/List Number
0000080-54-6	2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl) propionaldehyde	99-100	UK-01-6443776797-9-0001	201-289-8
0056107-04-1	3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2- methylpropanol	0.1-<1.0	Impurity	259-996-2

See Section 16 for full text of H (Hazard) statements.

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification. Remaining components are proprietary, non-hazardous, and/or present at amounts below reportable limits.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures:

General: If irritation or other symptoms occur or persist from any route of exposure, remove the affected individual from the area: see a physician/get medical attention.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of clean water for an extended time, not less than fifteen (15) minutes. Flush longer if there is any indication of residual chemical in the eye. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers and roll eyes in a circular motion. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash the affected area with plenty of soap and water until no evidence of the chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Launder clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: If affected, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out the mouth with water. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first aid responders: Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation. Preexisting sensitization, skin and/or respiratory disorders or diseases may be aggravated. See section 11 for additional information.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media:

Suitable: Use water spray, ABC dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures.

Unsuitable: None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Unusual fire/explosion hazards: Product is not considered a fire hazard, but will burn if ignited. Closed container may rupture (due to build up in pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Combustion hazard: waste soaked with this product may heat to temperatures causing self-ignition if improperly discarded. Many aldehydes readily oxidize exothermically when exposed to air. Any clean up materials, like rags, towels, etc. should be washed with water with mild soap or laundered with mild detergent before proper disposal to avoid the potential temperature rise from oxidation.

Hazardous combustion products: Irritating or toxic substances may be emitted upon burning, combustion or decomposition. See section 10 (10.6 Hazardous decomposition products) for additional information.

5.3. Advice for firefighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) equipped with a full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand mode (or other positive pressure mode) and approved protective clothing. Personnel without suitable respiratory protection must leave the area to prevent significant exposure to hazardous gases from combustion, burning or decomposition. In an enclosed or poorly ventilated area, wear SCBA during cleanup immediately after a fire as well as during the attack phase of firefighting operations.

See section 9 for additional information.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. If spilled in an enclosed area, ventilate. Eliminate ignition sources. Personal Protective Equipment must be worn.

6.2. Environmental precautions:

Do not flush liquid into public sewer, water systems or surface waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain by diking with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Wear proper personal protective clothing and equipment. Absorb spill with an inert material. Place into labeled, closed container; store in safe location to await disposal. Change contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Combustion hazard: waste soaked with this product may heat to temperatures causing self-ignition if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, rags, steel wool or other waste should be wetted or cleaned with water with mild soap or laundered with mild detergent or placed into a water-filled metal container before proper disposal.

6.4. References to other sections:

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protection and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

As with any chemical product, use good laboratory/workplace procedures. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near the container. Do not ingest, taste, or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Always wash up before eating, smoking or using the facilities. Use under well-ventilated conditions. Avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of aerosol, mist, spray, fume or vapor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in the work area.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store cool and dry, under well-ventilated conditions. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Store this material away from incompatible substances (see section 10). Do not store in open, unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not reuse empty container without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Empty container contains residual product which may exhibit hazards of product. Product can easily oxidize. It is recommended that opened containers be padded with nitrogen. Protect from light. Product can easily oxidize. It is recommended that opened containers be padded with nitrogen.

7.3. Specific end use(s):

Further information concerning special risk management measures: see annex of this safety data sheet (exposure scenarios).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters:

Occupational exposure limits (OEL):

Chemical Name

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol Chemical Name

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde N/E 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol N/E

N/E=Not established (no exposure limits established for the listed substances for listed country/region/organization).

N/E

N/E

UK WEL

ACGIH - TWA/Ceiling

Derived No Effect Levels (DNELs):

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)prop	<u>oionaldehyde</u>				
Population	Route	Acute (local)	Acute (systemic)	Long Term (local)	Long Term (systemic)
Workers	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	N/E	0,201 mg/m3
Workers	Dermal	0,41 mg/cm2	N/E	0,41 mg/cm2	0,0569 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Inhalation	N/E	N/E	0,0593 mg/m3	0,0593 mg/m3
General population	Dermal	0,41 mg/cm2	0,205 mg/kg bw/day	0,41 mg/cm2	0,0342 mg/kg bw/day
General population	Oral	N/E	0,205 mg/kg bw/day	N/E	0,0342 mg/kg bw/day

ACGIH - STEL

N/E

N/E

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNECs):

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)prop	bionaldehyde
Compartment	PNEC
Freshwater	0,00204 mg/L
Freshwater sediment	no exposure of sediment expected
Marine water	0,000204 mg/L
Marine water sediment	no exposure of sediment expected
Intermittent releases	0,0204 mg/L
Soil	0,0463 mg/kg dw
STP	1,049 mg/L
Oral	No potential for bioaccumulation

N/E=Not established: N/A=Not applicable (not required); bw=body weight; dw=dry weight; ww=wet weight.

8.2. Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls: Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to draw spray, aerosol, fume, mist and vapor away from workers to prevent routine inhalation. Ventilation must be adequate to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limit(s) outlined in the SDS.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection: Safety glasses or goggles required.

Hand protection: Avoid skin contact when mixing or handling the material by wearing impervious and chemical resistant gloves. In case of prolonged immersion or frequently repeated contact, gloves with breakthrough times greater than 480 minutes (protection class 6) are recommended. For brief contact or splash applications, gloves with breakthrough times of 30 minutes or greater are recommended (protection class 2 or greater). The protective gloves to be used must comply with the specifications of the standard EN 374. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage (e.g. frequency and duration of contact, other chemicals which may be handled, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity). Always seek advice of the glove supplier as to the most suitable glove material.

Skin and body protection: Use good laboratory/workplace procedures including personal protective clothing: labcoat, safety glasses and protective gloves.

Respiratory protection: Wear an approved respirator (e.g., an organic vapor respirator, a full face air purifying respirator for organic vapors, or a self-contained breathing apparatus) whenever exposure to aerosol, mist, spray, fume or vapor exceed the applicable exposure limit(s) of any chemical substance listed in this SDS.

Further information: Eyewash fountains and safety showers are recommended in the work area.

Environmental exposure controls: See Sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:	Liquid. Colorless
Odour:	Floral
Odour threshold:	Not Available
pH:	Not Available
Melting point/Freezing point:	<-20°C (<-4°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range °C:	279 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range °F:	535 °F
Flash point:	>114 °C (>237 °F) Closed Cup
Evaporation rate:	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not Applicable (liquid)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	LFL/LEL: 0.5%

Vapour pressure: Vapour density: Relative density: Solubility in water: Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Autoignition temperature: Decomposition temperature: Viscosity: Explosive properties: Oxidising properties: % Volatile By weight: VOC:

UFL/UEL: 3.1% 0.0005 kPa (0.004 mm Hg) @ 20°C > 1 0.943-0.946 (20°C) Slight 4.735 (25°C) 242°C (468°F) >220°C (>428°F) 14.872 mPa.s (20°C) Not explosive Not oxidizing 100% 100%

9.2. Other information:

Amounts specified are typical and do not represent a specification.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity:

None known.

10.2. Chemical stability:

This product is stable. Readily undergoes oxidation by air.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid:

Excessive heat and ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials:

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects:

Information on likely routes of exposure:

General: Caution must be exercised through the prudent use of protective equipment and handling procedures to minimize exposure. 2-(4-TERT-BUTYLBENZYL)PROPIONALDEHYDE: May cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal data.

Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol

Skin: May cause allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation: High airborne concentrations of vapors resulting from heating, misting or spraying may cause irritation of the respiratory tract and mucous membranes.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation.

Acute toxicity information: Harmful if swallowed - Category 4.

Chemical Name 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl	propionaldehyde	nhalation LC50 >0.18 mg/L (7 hours, no mortalities)	<u>Species</u> Rat/ adult	<u>Oral LD50</u> 1390 mg/kg	<u>Species</u> Rat/ adult	<u>Dermal LD50</u> ≥2000 mg/kg	<u>Species</u> Rat/ adult
3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl		N/E	N/E	>300-<2000 mg/kg	Rat/ adult	N/E	N/E
Skin corrosion/irrita	tion: Causes skin	irritation - Categ	ory 2.				
Chemical Name 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl	propionaldehyde	Skin irritation Moderate irritar	ıt	<u>Species</u> Rabbit/ ad	ult		

N/F

Species

N/E

Chemical Name
2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde
3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol

Eye irritation Non-irritant N/F

Species Rabbit/ adult N/F

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Skin sensitization - Category 1B.

Chemical Name 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol Skin sensitisation Sensitizer N/F

Species Guinea Pig/ adult N/F

Carcinogenicity: Not classified (no relevant information found).

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). 2-(4-TERT-BUTYLBENZYL)PROPIONALDEHYDE: Mutagenic assays were negative for both in vivo and in vitro assays.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child - Category 2. 2-(4-TERT-BUTYLBENZYL) PROPIONALDEHYDE: Repeated dose study, oral, male rats (1-generation study): NOAEL (No-observable-adverse- effectlevel)(fertility) = 28.7 mg/kg/day (based on adverse effects on testes and fertility). Repeated dose study, oral, rat: NOAEL (developmental toxicity): 4.1 mg/kg bw/day; NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 4.1 mg/kg/day.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure: Not classified (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met). 2-(4-TERT-BUTYLBENZYL)PROPIONALDEHYDE: Repeated dose, oral gavage, 30-day, rats: NOAEL (noadverse-adverse-exposure-level): 25 mg/kg/day (testicular atrophy and adverse clinical signs of toxicity), NOEL (no-exposureeffect-level): 5 mg/kg/day (plasma cholinesterase). Repeated dose, dermal, 5 days, rats: NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg bw/day (testicular atrophy and reduced body weight gain).

Aspiration hazard: Not classified.

Other toxicity information: No additional information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity:

Chemical Name	Species	Acute	Acute	Chronic
2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde	Fish	LC50 2.04 mg/L (96 hours)	N/E	NOEC >0.2 mg/L (21 days)
2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde	Invertebrates	EC50 10.7 mg/L (48 hours)	N/E	N/E
2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde	Algae	EC50 29.155 mg/L (72 hours)	N/E	EC10 1.696 mg/L(72 hours)
2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde	Micro-organisms	EC50 104 mg/L (3 hours)		,
3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-	Fish	N/E	N/E	N/E
methylpropanol				
3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-	Invertebrates	N/E	N/E	N/E
methylpropanol				
3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-	Algae	N/E	N/E	N/E
methylpropanol				

12.2. Persistence and degradability:

Chemical Name

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:

Chemical Name

2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol

12.4. Mobility in soil:

Chemical Name 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde 3-(p-tert-Butylphenyl)-2-methylpropanol

Mobility in soil (Koc/Kow) 1281 (calculated) N/F

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

This product does not meet the PBT and vPvB classification criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects:

No additional information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of unused contents (incineration) in accordance with national and local regulations. Dispose of container in accordance with national and local regulations. Ensure the use of properly authorized waste management companies, where appropriate.

Log Kow 4.735 (25°C) 4.38 (calculated)

349.8 L/kg (calculated)

N/E

Biodegradation

Readily biodegradable (OECD 301B)

Readily biodegradable (OECD 301B)

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

See Section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

The information below is provided to assist in documentation. It may supplement the information on the package. The package in your possession may carry a different version of the label depending on the date of manufacture. Depending on inner packaging quantities and packaging instructions, it may be subject to specific regulatory exceptions.

14.1. UN number: N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Not regulated - See Bill of Lading for Details

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

U.S. DOT hazard class: N/A Canada TDG hazard class: N/A Europe ADR/RID hazard class: N/A IMDG Code (ocean) hazard class: N/A ICAO/IATA (air) hazard class: N/A

A "N/A" listing for the hazard class indicates the product is not regulated for transport by that regulation.

14.4. Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant: Not Applicable Hazardous substance (USA): Not Applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user:

Not Applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:

Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS 2020 No. 1577, The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 [UK REACH]: Applicable components have been registered, are exempt or otherwise compliant. UK REACH is only relevant to substances either manufactured or imported into the UK. Emerald Performance Materials has met its obligations under the UK REACH regulation. UK REACH information regarding this product is provided for informational purposes only. Each Legal Entity may have differing UK REACH obligations, depending on their place in the supply chain. For material manufactured outside of the UK, the importer of record must understand and meet their specific obligations under the regulation.

UK Authorizations and/or restrictions on use: Not Applicable

Other UK information: No Additional Information

Chemical inventories:

Regulation	<u>Status</u>
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC):	Y
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):	Y
Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL):	Ν
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC):	Y
European EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP):	Y
Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS):	Y
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):	Y
Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances (KECL):	Y
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	Ν
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):	Y
Taiwan Inventory of Existing Chemicals:	Y
U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (Active):	Y

A "Y" listing indicates all intentionally added components are either listed or are otherwise compliant with the regulation. A "N" listing indicates that for one or more components: 1) there is no listing on the public inventory (or is not on the ACTIVE inventory for U.S. TSCA); 2) no information is available; or 3) the component has not been reviewed. A "Y" for New Zealand may mean that a qualified group standard may exist for the components in this product.

Europe REACH (EC) 1907/2006: Applicable components are registered, exempt or otherwise compliant. EU REACH is only relevant to substances either manufactured or imported into the EU. Emerald Performance Materials has met its obligations under the EU REACH regulation. EU REACH information regarding this product is provided for informational purposes only. Each Legal Entity may have differing EU REACH obligations, depending on their place in the supply chain. For material manufactured outside of the EU, the importer of record must understand and meet their specific obligations under the

regulation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment:

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the substance or mixture consistent with the EU REACH regulation.

SECTION 16: Other information

Hazard (H) Statements in the Composition section (Section 3):

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Reason for revision: Changes in Section(s): 1, Safety data sheet format (UK REACH Regulations SI 2020/1577)

Evaulation method For classification Of mixtures: Not Applicable (substance)

Legend:

* : Trademark owned by Emerald Performance Materials, LLC.
 ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 ATE: Acute toxicity estimate
 N/A: Not Applicable
 N/E: None Established
 STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
 TWA: Time Weighted Average (exposure for 8-hour workday)
 UK WEL: United Kingdom Workplace Exposure Limits

Users Responsibility/Disclaimer of Liability:

The information set forth herein is based on our current knowledge, and is intended to describe the product solely with respect to health, safety and the environment. As such, it must not be interpreted as a guarantee of any specific property of the product. As a result, the customer shall be solely responsible for deciding whether said information is suitable and beneficial.

Safety Data Sheet Preparer: Product Compliance Department Emerald Performance Materials, LLC 1499 SE Tech Center Place, Suite 300 Vancouver, WA 98683 United States

Annex

Exposure Scenarios

Substance information:

Name of substance: 2-(4-tert-Butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde. EC# 201-289-8 / CAS# 80-54-6 UK REACH Registration number: UK-01-6443776797-9-0001. EU REACH Registration number: 01-2119907954-30-0000.

List of exposure scenarios:

ES1: Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate

ES2: Formulation - Formulation of fragrance compounds

ES3: Formulation - Formulation of fragranced end-products

ES4: Consumer use - Industrial, Professional and Consumer end-use of washing and cleaning products

ES5: Consumer use - Consumer and professional end-use of polishes and wax blends

ES6: Consumer use - Consumer end-use of air care products

ES7: Consumer use - Consumer end-use of biocides

ES8: Consumer use - Professional and consumer end-use of cosmetics

ES9: Service life (consumers) - Use of substance in scented articles

General remarks:

The first tier environmental exposure assessments have at first instance been performed using EUSES v2.1 which is part of Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool version 2.3 (CHESAR v2.3). Higher tier assessments have been performed if safe use was not demonstrated using first tier assessments. In these cases Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs) have been used.

The first tier worker exposure assessments have at first instance been performed using Worker TRA v3 which is part of Chemical Safety Assessment and Reporting tool version 2.3 (CHESAR v2.3).

The TRA Consumers 3.0 tool has been used to estimate consumer exposures unless otherwise indicated. 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)-propionaldehyde is present at low levels as a fragrance substance in fragrances found in consumer products including household care and maintenance and air freshener products and scented articles such as candles. 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)-propionaldehyde is incorporated at <5% in fragrance mixtures

(pre-formulations), which are then sold and incorporated into final consumer products at low levels (nominally 0.1% and lower).

Reference: IFRA REACH Exposure scenarios for Fragrance Substances. Version 2.1/11 December 2012.

Reference: IFRA REACH Exposure scenarios for Fragrance Substances. Version 2.1/11 December 2012.
Exposure scenario (1): Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate
1. Exposure scenario (1)
Short title of the exposure scenario:
Use at industrial sites - Use as an intermediate
List of use descriptors:
Sector of use category (SU): SU8
Process category (PROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b
Environmental release category (ERC): ERC6a (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1) List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:
PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.
PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without interinoid or exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.
containment conditions.
PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging.
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:
ERC6a Use of intermediate.
Further explanations:
Industrial application.
For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and
chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/
information_requirements_r12_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental
Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure
2.1 Control of workers exposure
General:
Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are
cleaned immediately. Wear chemical resistant gloves in combination with basic employee training. Chemical safety goggles recommended.
Product characteristics:
Concentration of substance: Up to 100%.
Physical state: liquid.
Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration:
- PROC1: <=8 hours/day.
- PROC2: <=4 hours/day.
- PROC8b: <=1 hour/day.
Human factors not influenced by risk management:
Exposed skin surface:
- PROC1: 240 cm2 (one hand, face side only).
- PROC2, PROC8b: 480 cm2 (two hands, face side only).
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure:
Location:
- PROC2, PROC8b: Indoor use.
- PROC1: Outdoor use.
Domain: Industrial use.
Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C.
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation:
- PROC1: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.
- PROC2, PROC8b: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%.
Containment:
- PROC1: Closed system (minimal contact during routine operations).
- PROC2: Closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure.
- PROC8b: Semi-closed process with occasional controlled exposure.
Local exhaust ventilation:
- PROC1: Not required.
- PROC2, PROC8b: Yes (95% effectiveness).
Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal):
- PROC1: Not required.
- PROC2, PROC8b: Yes (95% effectiveness). Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required.
Chemical safety goggles recommended.
Dermal protection:
- PROC1: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%).
- PROC2, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 95%)
Additional good practice advice:
Use I ocal Exhaust ventilation

Use Local Exhaust ventilation.

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygi	ene are maintained				
Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.					
Minimisation of splashes and spills.					
Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.					
Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.					
Training staff on good practice. Management/supervision in place to check that RM	Ma in place are being used corr	costly and OCa f	allowed		
2.2 Control of environmental exposure	ins in place are being used con		Sliowed.		
General:					
All risk management measures utilised must also c	comply with all relevant local requ	ulations			
Product characteristics:					
Concentration of substance: Up to 100%.					
Physical state: liquid.					
Amounts used:					
Maximum daily use at a site: 1.25 ton/day.					
Maximum annual use at a site: 125 tons/year.	0/				
Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 100 Frequency and duration of use:	0 /0.				
Emission days: 100 days/year.					
Environmental factors not influenced by risk man	agement:				
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/	day (default).				
Other given operational conditions affecting envir	onmental exposure:				
Industrial use.					
Release fraction to air from process (initial release Release fraction to wastewater from process (initia					
2.1a.v1)	Trelease). 0.00002, (Illiai release	e). 0.000002. Lo	cal release rate. 0.002 kg/day (SpERC IFRA		
Release fraction to soil from process (final release)	: 0.0 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1).				
On-site treatment of wastewater: Physico-chemica		veness Water: 0	%).		
On-site biological treatment: Not applied (Effective					
Technical onsite conditions and measures to redu		ssions and relea	ses to soil:		
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defa					
Conditions and measures related to municipal se					
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Ef Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: 3					
Onsite pre-treatment of waste water: Prevention of			sions values of a STP in EUSES 11.4% would		
be released to waste water) (Effectiveness Water:		(
Conditions and measures related to external treat					
Particular considerations on the waste treatment of	perations: No (low risk) (ERC ba	ised assessmen	t demonstrating control of risk with default		
conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage.		ional/local legisl	ation is sufficient.)		
Conditions and measures related to external record External recovery and recycling of waste should co			tions		
Additional good practice advice:	mply with applicable local and/o	or national regula	mons.		
Spills are cleaned immediately.					
All risk management measures utilised must also o	comply with all relevant local reg	ulations.			
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source	9				
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v2.3 Worke		re presented he	re.		
Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 -		•			
Health					
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes		
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,034 mg/kg bw/day	0,301	PROC8b		
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,128 mg/m3	0,635	PROC8b		
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,936	PROC8b		
Transi, iong torni, systemic, combined futes		<0,001	PROC8b		
Worker long-term local Dermal	0 002 ma/cm2	-0,01	110000		
Worker, long-term, local, Dermal	0,002 mg/cm2				
Environment		BCB			
Environment Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes		
Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater	Exposure estimate/PEC 0.0006783 mg/L	0.332			
Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Marine water	Exposure estimate/PEC 0.0006783 mg/L 0.00006113 mg/L	0.332 0.255			
Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Marine water Soil	Exposure estimate/PEC 0.0006783 mg/L 0.00006113 mg/L 0.0004222 mg/kg dw	0.332 0.255 <0.01			
Environment Effect/Compartment Freshwater Marine water	Exposure estimate/PEC 0.0006783 mg/L 0.00006113 mg/L 0.0004222 mg/kg dw 0.0001423 mg/L	0.332 0.255 <0.01 <0.01	<u>Notes</u>		

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Health:	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Duration: PROC1: <=8 hours/day. PROC2: <=4 hours/day. PROC8b: <=1 hour/day. Dermal protection: PROC1: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%). PROC2, PROC8b: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 95%) Concentration of substance: Up to 100%.
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.
Exposure scenario (1. Exposure scenario	2): Formulation - Formulation of fragrance compounds
Short title of the expo	, <i>,</i>
Formulation - Formula	ation of fragrance compounds
	's: ROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15 e category (ERC): ERC2 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1)
List of names of cont	ributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:
	duction or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. duction or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent is.
equivalent containme	or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with nt condition. nding in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or
formulating sectors, a PROC8b Transfer of s PROC9 Transfer of su capture vapour and a	is well as upon end use. substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging. ubstance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to both erosol emissions and minimise spillage.
	ratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale laboratory (< 1 I or 1 kg present at workplace). environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:
ERC2 Formulation int	
Further explanations:	
Industrial application.	enario: IFRA GES 1 (IU1).
For further information chemical safety asses	n on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and ssment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/ ents_r12_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental
	SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.
2. Conditions of use a	
2.1 Control of workers General:	s exposure
Generally accepted st cleaned immediately.	tandards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are Wear chemical resistant gloves in combination with basic employee training. Chemical safety goggles recommended.
Product characteristic Concentration of subs	
- PROC3, PROC5, PF - PROC1, PROC2: Up	ROC8b, PROC9, PROC15: 5-25%.
Physical state: liquid.	
Frequency and durat Duration:	
- PROC1: <=8 hours/d - PROC3: <=4 hours/d	day.
- PROC2, PROC60, F	PROC9: <=1 hour/day. <=15 minutes.
Exposed skin surface	
- PROC2, PROC5, PR	ROC15: 240 cm2 (one hand, face side only). ROC8b, PROC9: 480 cm2 (two hands, face side only).
Location:	nal conditions affecting workers exposure: ROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15: Indoor use.
- PROC1: Outdoor us Domain: Industrial use	e.
Process temperature	(for liquid): <= 40 °C.
General ventilation:	and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: and ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%.

- PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%. Containment:

- PROC1: Closed system (minimal contact during routine operations).
- PROC2: Closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure.
- PROC3: Closed batch process with occasional controlled exposure.
- PROC8b, PROC9: Semi-closed process with occasional controlled exposure.
- PROC5, PROC15: No.

Local exhaust ventilation:

- PROC1: Not required.
- PROC15: Yes (90% effectiveness).

- PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9: Yes (95% effectiveness).

Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal):

- PROC1, PROC15: Not required.

- PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9: Yes (95% effectiveness).

Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation:

Respiratory protection: Not required.

Chemical safety goggles recommended.

Dermal protection:

- PROC1, PROC15: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%).

- PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum

efficiency dermal: 95%)

Additional good practice advice:

Use Local Exhaust ventilation.

Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained.

Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks.

Minimisation of splashes and spills.

Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects.

Regular cleaning of equipment and work area.

Training staff on good practice.

Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed.

2.2 Control of environmental exposure

General:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

Product characteristics:

Physical state: liquid.

Amounts used:

Maximum daily use at a site: 0.038 ton/day.

Maximum annual use at a site: 3.75 tons/year.

Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %.

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days: 100 days/year.

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management:

Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default).

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Industrial use.

Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0.00025; (final release): 0.00025. Local release rate: 0.009 kg/day (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1). Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 0.00002; (final release): 0.000006. Local release rate: 0.000225 kg/day (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1).

Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0.0 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1).

On-site treatment of wastewater: Physico-chemical treatment (Effectiveness Water: 70%).

On-site biological treatment: Not applied (Effectiveness Water: 0%).

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default).

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency=88.62%).

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Particular considerations on the waste treatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC based assessment demonstrating control of risk with default conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage. Waste disposal according to national/local legislation is sufficient.)

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice:

Spills are cleaned immediately.

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v2.3 Worker TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.

Health

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes	
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,041 mg/kg bw/day	0,289	PROC5	

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,276 mg/m3	0,549	PROC3	
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,594	PROC5	
Worker, long-term, local, Dermal	0,006 mg/cm2	0,012	PROC15	
Environment				
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
Freshwater	0.0006654 mg/L	0.326		
Marine water	0.00005984 mg/L	0.249		
Soil	0.0000638 mg/kg dw	<0.01		
STP	0.0000128 mg/L	<0.01		
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Ex	· //			

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

	rect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.
	ownstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES
Health:	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Duration: PROC1: <=8 hours/day. PROC3: <=4 hours/day. PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9: <=1 hour/day. PROC2, PROC15: <=15 minutes. Dermal protection: PROC1, PROC15: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%). PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 95%)Concentration of substance: PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15: 5-25%. PROC1, PROC2: Up to 100%.
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.
Exposure scenario	(3): Formulation - Formulation of fragranced end-products
1. Exposure scenari	o (3)
Short title of the exp	
	lation of fragranced end-products
List of use descripto	
	C): PC3, PC8, PC28, PC31, PC35, PC39 ROC): PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15
	se category (ERC): ERC2 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1)
	tributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs:
PROC1 Chemical pr	oduction or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions. oduction or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent
	e or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with
	ending in batch processes. Covers mixing or blending of solid or liquid materials in the context of manufacturing or
PROC8b Transfer of PROC9 Transfer of s	as well as upon end use. i substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities. Transfer includes loading, filling, dumping, bagging substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing). Filling lines specifically designed to bo aerosol emissions and minimise spillage.
PROC14 Tabletting, shape for further use	compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation. This covers processing of mixtures and/or substances into a defined
	oratory reagent. Use of substances at small scale in laboratories (less than or equal to 1 l or 1 kg present at workplace).
	g environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:
ERC2 Formulation in	
Further explanation	
Industrial application	i. zenario: IFRA GES 2 (IU2).
For further information chemical safety association_requirer	on on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and essment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/ nents_r12_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.
2. Conditions of use	affecting exposure
2.1 Control of worke	
General:	
cleaned immediately	standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Smoking, eating and drinking are prohibited at the workplace. Spills are wear chemical resistant gloves in combination with basic employee training. Chemical safety goggles recommended.
Product characteris	
- PROC1, PROC2: 5	
	-23%. ?ROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: <1%.
Physical state: liquid	
Frequency and dura	tion of use/exposure:

- PROC1, PROC3, PROC5: <=8 hours/day. - PROC14: <=4 hours/day. - PROC8b, PROC9: <=1 hour/day. PROC2, PROC15: <=15 minutes. Human factors not influenced by risk management: Exposed skin surface: - PROC1, PROC3, PROC15: 240 cm2 (one hand, face side only). - PROC2, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14: 480 cm2 (two hands, face side only) Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Location: - PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: Indoor use. - PROC1: Outdoor use. Domain: Industrial use Process temperature (for liquid): <= 40 °C. Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker: General ventilation: - PROC1: Basic general ventilation (1-3 air changes per hour): 0%. - PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: Enhanced general ventilation (5-10 air changes per hour): 70%. Containment: - PROC1: Closed system (minimal contact during routine operations). - PROC2: Closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure. - PROC3: Closed batch process with occasional controlled exposure. - PROC8b, PROC9: Semi-closed process with occasional controlled exposure. - PROC5, PROC14, PROC15: No. Local exhaust ventilation: - PROC1, PROC15: Not required. - PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14: Yes (95% effectiveness). Local exhaust ventilation (for dermal): - PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: Not required. - PROC5: Yes (95% effectiveness) Occupational Health and Safety Management System: Advanced. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: Respiratory protection: Not required. Chemical safety goggles recommended. Dermal protection: - PROC1, PROC15: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%). - PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 95%) Additional good practice advice: Use Local Exhaust ventilation. Generally accepted standards of occupational hygiene are maintained. Minimisation of manual phases/work tasks. Minimisation of splashes and spills. Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects. Regular cleaning of equipment and work area. Training staff on good practice. Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs followed. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations Product characteristics: Physical state: liquid. Amounts used: Maximum daily use at a site: 0.1 ton/day. Maximum annual use at a site: 30 tons/year. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %. Frequency and duration of use: Emission days: 300 days/year. Environmental factors not influenced by risk management: Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/day (default) Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure: Industrial use. Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0.00025; (final release): 0.00025. Local release rate: 0.025 kg/day (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1). Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 0.00002; (final release): 0.00002. Local release rate: 0.002 kg/day (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1)

Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0.0 (SpERC IFRA 2.1a.v1).

On-site treatment of wastewater: Physico-chemical treatment - Not applied (Effectiveness Water: 0%). On-site biological treatment: Not applied (Effectiveness Water: 0%)

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil: Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default)

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency=88.62%).

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Particular considerations on the waste treatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC based assessment demonstrating control of risk with default conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage. Waste disposal according to national/local legislation is sufficient.)

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice:

Spills are cleaned immediately.

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: CHESAR v2.3 Worker TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.

Health

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Worker, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,034 mg/kg bw/day	0,603	PROC8b, PROC9
Worker, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,128 mg/m3	0,635	PROC5, PROC15
Worker, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,695	PROC15
Worker, long-term, local, Dermal	0,006 mg/cm2	0,015	PROC2
Environment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Freshwater	0.0006755 mg/L	0.331	
Marine water	0.00006085 mg/L	0.254	
Soil	0.0003408 mg/kg dw	<0.01	
STP	0.0001138 mg/L	<0.01	

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Health:	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Duration: PROC1, PROC3, PROC5: <=8 hours/day. PROC14: <=4 hours/day. PROC8b, PROC9: <=1 hour/day. PROC2, PROC15: <=15 minutes. Dermal protection: PROC1, PROC15: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with basic employee training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 90%). PROC2, PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14: Yes (chemically resistant gloves conforming to EN374 with specific activity training) (minimum efficiency dermal: 95%) Concentration of substance: PROC1, PROC2: 5-25%. PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: <1%.
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.
Exposure scenario	(4): Consumer use - Industrial, Professional and Consumer end-use of washing and cleaning products

1. Exposure scenario (4)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Consumer use - Industrial, Professional and Consumer end-use of washing and cleaning products

List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC35

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC8a (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2)

Further explanations:

Consumer application.

Industrial application.

Professional application.

Generic exposure scenario: IFRA GES 3 (IU3); GES 4 (IU4); GES 6 (IU6).

PC35 - Laundry and dish washing products: AISE P102, P103, P105, P108, P111, P112, P113, P201, P202, P203, P204, P301, P302, P303, P304, P305, P306, P307, P308, P309, P310, P311, P312, P313, P314, P315, P316, P317, P401, P402, P403, P404, P405, P409, P410, P411, P606, P607, P701, P702, P703, P704, P705, P706, P808, P901, P902, P1101, P1102, P1103, P1104, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C10, C11, C12, C15, C21, C22.

PC35 - Cleaners, liquids (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, carpet cleaners, metal cleaners): AISE P102, P103, P105, P108, P111, P112, P113, P201, P202, P203, P204, P301, P302, P303, P304, P305, P306, P307, P308, P309, P310, P311, P312, P313, P314, P315, P316, P317, P401, P402, P403, P404, P405, P409, P410, P411, P606, P607, P701, P702, P703, P704, P705, P706, P808, P901, P902, P1101, P1102, P1103, P1104, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C10, C11, C12, C15, C21, C22.

PC35 - Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, glass cleaners): AISE P102, P103, P105, P108, P111, P112, P113, P201, P202, P203, P204, P301, P302, P303, P304, P305, P306, P307, P308, P309, P310, P311, P312, P313, P314, P315, P316, P317, P401, P402, P403, P404, P405, P409, P410, P411, P606, P607, P701, P702, P703, P704, P705, P706, P808, P901, P902, P1101, P1102, P1103, P1104, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C10, C11, C12, C15, C21, C22.

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and

chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/ information_requirements_r12_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.

	//www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure	
2.1 Control of consumer exposure	
General:	
An exposure assessment of substances	classified as hazardous is not required if the concentration of the substance in the mixture (i.e.
professional formulations or consumer er	nd-products) is lower than the REACH regulatory limit as listed in REACH Article 14.2. Concentration of
	ation/use is typically significantly less than 0.1%.
Product characteristics:	
Concentration of substance in mixture: U	
Oral contact foreseen: No.	p to 0.0000 g/g.
Amounts used:	
Applied amounts for each use event:	
- Laundry and dish washing products: 15	u g.
- Cleaners, liquids: 60 g.	
- Cleaners, trigger sprays: 30 g.	
Frequency and duration of use/exposur	e:
Duration covers exposure up to:	
 Laundry and dish washing products: 1 h 	iour/event.
 Cleaners, liquids: 0.33 hour/event. 	
- Cleaners, trigger sprays: 20 minutes/ev	
Frequency - covers use frequency: up to	
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement:
Exposed skin surface:	-
- Laundry and dish washing products: Ha	inds.
- Cleaners, liquids; Cleaners, trigger spra	
Dermal transfer factor=0.01.	
2.2 Control of environmental exposure	
General:	
	nust also comply with all relevant local regulations.
Amounts used:	
Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000586 tor	
Percentage of tonnage used at regional s	Cale: 10 %.
Frequency and duration of use:	
Emission days: <=365 days/year.	
Wide dispersive use.	
Environmental factors not influenced by	
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=1	8,000 m3/day (default).
Other given operational conditions affect	sting environmental exposure:
Industrial use.	
Indoor/Outdoor use.	
Professional use.	
Consumer use.	
	al release): 0.0; (final release): 0.0 (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2).
	cess (initial release): 1.00; (final release): 1.00. Local release rate: 0.059 kg/day (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2).
Release fraction to soil from process (final	
Chemical waste - continuous generation:	
5	queous process solution with negligible volatilization.
	res to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil	
Conditions and measures related to mu	
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP	
	ent plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).
Conditions and measures related to ext	
	eatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC based assessment demonstrating control of risk with default
conditions. Low risk assumed for waste	ife stage. Waste disposal according to national/local legislation is sufficient.)
Conditions and measures related to ext	ernal recovery of waste:
External recovery and recycling of waste	should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Additional good practice advice:	
	nust also comply with all relevant local regulations.
-	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to	
	2.3 Consumer TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.
Assessment method-Environment: CHES	SAR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.
Health	
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC BCB Notes

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,0007146 mg/kg bw/day	0,021	Laundry and dish washing products
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,023 mg/m3	0,395	Laundry and dish washing products
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Oral	0 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	Laundry and dish washing products

	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined route	s N/A	0,416	Laundry and dish washing products
Consumer, long-term, local, Inhalation	0,023 mg/m3	0,395	Laundry and dish washing products
Environment			
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>
Freshwater	0.000997 mg/L	0.489	
Marine water	0.000093 mg/L	0.388	
Soil	0.009 mg/kg dw	0.197	
STP	0.003 mg/L	<0.01	
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or E	xposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=I	Predicted enviro	nmental concentration.
otes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment	compartment is unlikely and the	substance is re	adily biodegradable.
I. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate	whether he works inside the bo	undaries set by	the ES
Conditions outlined in S are adopted, then users	Section 2 are implemented. Where should ensure that risks are ma	e other Risk Ma naged to at leas	
necessary to define app can be achieved using	propriate site-specific risk manag	ement measure alone or in com	applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be s. Required removal efficiency for wastewater bination. If scaling reveals a condition of safety assessment is required.
xposure scenario (5): Consumer use - Cons			
. Exposure scenario (5)			
Short title of the exposure scenario:			
Consumer use - Consumer and professional end-	use of polishes and wax blends		
List of use descriptors: Product category (PC): PC31			
Environmental release category (ERC): ERC8a (S	pERC AISE 8a.1a.v2)		
Name of contributing environmental scenario an ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processir	d corresponding ERCs:	ticle. indoor).	
Further explanations:	5		
Consumer application.			
Professional application.			
Generic exposure scenario: IFRA GES 5 (IU5); GI PC31: Polishes and wax blends: Polishes, wax/cr		hoes)	
For further information on standardized use descri			A) Guidance on information requirements and
chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use c information_requirements_r12_en.pdf).			
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure			
2.1 Control of consumer exposure			
General:			
An exposure assessment of substances classified professional formulations or consumer end-produce this substance in products for this application/use	cts) is lower than the REACH reg	ulatory limit as l	
Product characteristics: Concentration of substance in mixture: Up to 0.00		0.170.	
Oral contact foreseen: No.			
Amounts used:			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g.			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure:			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g.			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event.			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c			
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm	nt:		
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01.	nt:		
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm	nt:		
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also	nt: of hand.	ulations	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used:	nt: of hand.	ulations.	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used: Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day.	nt: of hand. comply with all relevant local reg	ulations.	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used: Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10	nt: of hand. comply with all relevant local reg	ulations.	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used: Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 Frequency and duration of use:	nt: of hand. comply with all relevant local reg	ulations.	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used: Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 Frequency and duration of use: Emission days: <=365 days/year.	nt: of hand. comply with all relevant local reg	ulations.	
Applied amounts for each use event: 30 g. Frequency and duration of use/exposure: Duration covers exposure up to: - Polishes, wax/cream: 4 hours/event. - Polishes, spray: 0.33 hour/event. Frequency - covers use frequency: up to 1 time/c Human factors not influenced by risk manageme Exposed skin surface: Inside hand/one hand/palm Dermal transfer factor=0.01. 2.2 Control of environmental exposure General: All risk management measures utilised must also Amounts used: Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day. Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 Frequency and duration of use:	nt: of hand. comply with all relevant local reg %.	ulations.	

Indoor/Outdoor use.

Professional use.

Consumer use.

Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0.0; (final release): 0.0 (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2).

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 1.00; (final release): 1.00. Local release rate: 0.002 kg/day (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2). Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0.0 (SpERC AISE 8a.1a.v2).

Chemical waste - continuous generation: Spent fluid discharged to wastewater.

Type of process: Substance applied in aqueous process solution with negligible volatilization.

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default).

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency=88.62%).

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Particular considerations on the waste treatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC based assessment demonstrating control of risk with default conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage. Waste disposal according to national/local legislation is sufficient.)

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Health: CHESAR V2.3 Consumer TRA v3. Only highest figures are presented here.

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.

Health

riediul				
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,0007147 mg/kg bw/day	0,021		
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,441 mg/m3	0,620	Polishes, spray	
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Oral	0 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01		
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes	N/A	0,630	Polishes, spray	
Consumer, long-term, local, Inhalation	0,441 mg/m3	0,620	Polishes, spray	
Environment				
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
Freshwater	0.0006761 mg/L	0.331		
Marine water	0.00006091 mg/L	0.254		
Soil	0.0003552 mg/kg dw	<0.01		

 STP
 0.0001195 mg/L
 <0.01</th>

 RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Non-Hisk characterization ratio (FECFINEC of Exposure estimate/DNEL), FECFINECterization and oncentration.

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Health:	Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other Risk Management Measures/Operational Conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Exposure scenario (6): Consumer use - Consumer end-use of air care products

1. Exposure scenario (6)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Consumer use - Consumer end-use of air care products

List of use descriptors:

Product category (PC): PC3

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC8a (SpERC AISE 8a.1b.v2)

Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor).

Further explanations:

PC3 Air care products: Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays); Air care continuous action (solid and liquid).

Consumer application.

Generic exposure scenario: IFRA GES 7 (IU7).

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/ information_requirements_r12_en.pdf). For further information on CEFIC (The European Chemical Industry Council) Specific Environmental Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implementing-reach/Libraries/.

2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

2.1 Control of consumer exposure

General:

Marine water

An exposure assessment of substances classified as hazardous is not required if the concentration of the substance in the mixture (i.e. professional formulations or consumer end-products) is lower than the REACH regulatory limit as listed in REACH Article 14.2. Concentration of this substance in products for this application/use is typically significantly less than 0.1%.

this substance in products for this application/use is	typically significantly less than	0.1%.	
Product characteristics:			
Concentration of substance in mixture: Up to 0.002 g	g/g.		
Oral contact foreseen: No.			
Amounts used:			
Applied amounts for each use event:			
 Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays): 1.4 g. Air care continuous action (solid and liquid): 0.0000)20 g		
Frequency and duration of use/exposure:	J29 g.		
Duration covers exposure up to:			
- Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays): 0.01 hour/	event.		
- Air care continuous action (solid and liquid): 8 hours			
Frequency - covers use frequency:			
- Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays): up to 4 tim			
- Air care continuous action (solid and liquid): up to 1			
Human factors not influenced by risk management:			
Exposed skin surface:			
 Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays): dermal exp Air care continuous action (solid and liquid): fingerti 		nnalation.	
Dermal transfer factor=0.01.	ips.		
2.2 Control of environmental exposure			
General:			
All risk management measures utilised must also co	mply with all relevant local requ	llations.	
Amounts used:			
Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000021 tons/day.			
Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %.			
Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=365 days/year.			
Wide dispersive use.			
Environmental factors not influenced by risk manage			
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18,000 m3/d			
Other given operational conditions affecting environ	nmental exposure:		
Indoor/Outdoor use. Consumer use.			
Release fraction to air from process (initial release):	0.0: (final release): 0.0 (SpERC	$\Delta ISE 8a 1h v^{2}$	
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release).			e rate: 0.002 kg/dav (SpERC AISE 8a.1b.v2).
Release fraction to soil from process (final release):			······································
Type of process: Spraying of involatile solids, which		tewater.	
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduc	e or limit discharges, air emiss	sions and release	es to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (defau	ult).		
Conditions and measures related to municipal sewa			
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency of the second s			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=			
Conditions and measures related to external treatme			
Particular considerations on the waste treatment oper conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage. W	erations: No (low risk) (ERC bas	sed assessment o	lemonstrating control of risk with default
		onal/local legislati	ion is sufficient.)
Conditions and measures related to external recover External recovery and recycling of waste should com		r national regulation	one
Additional good practice advice:	ipiy with applicable local ana/or	Thatonal regulation	513.
All risk management measures utilised must also co	mply with all relevant local requ	lations	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source	or TPA v3 Only highost figures	c are presented h	oro
Assessment method-Health: CHESAR V2.3 Consum		s are presented h	
Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 - E	EUSES V2,1.		
	P		Mataa
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Dermal	0,00001488 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	Air care, continuous action (solid and
			liquid)
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Inhalation	0,609 mg/m3	0,410	Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Oral			All care, instant action (aerosol sprays)
	0 mg/kg bw/day	<0,01	
Consumer, long-term, systemic, Combined routes		<0,01 0,420	Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)
	0 mg/kg bw/day N/A		Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)
Consumer, long-term, local, Inhalation	0 mg/kg bw/day	0,420	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Consumer, long-term, local, Inhalation Environment	0 mg/kg bw/day N/A 0,609 mg/m3	0,420 0,410	Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays) Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)
Consumer, long-term, local, Inhalation	0 mg/kg bw/day N/A	0,420	Air care, instant action (aerosol sprays)

0.254

0.00006091 mg/L

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	<u>Notes</u>
Soil	0.0003552 mg/kg dw	< 0.01	
STP DOD-Dick characterizati	0.0001195 mg/L on ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=	<0.01	ive successful accession to a traction
	exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the		
4. Guidance to the Down Health:	stream User to evaluate whether he works inside the be Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN		
	Conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Whe are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are made	re other Risk	Management Measures/Operational Condition
Environment:	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions we necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk manage can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-st	gement measure alone or in c	ures. Required removal efficiency for wastewa ombination. If scaling reveals a condition of
xposure scenario (7):	Consumer use - Consumer end-use of biocides	·	
1. Exposure scenario (7)			
Short title of the exposu			
Consumer use - Consun	er end-use of biocides		
List of use descriptors: Product category (PC): P	C8		
	ategory (ERC): ERC8a, ERC8d		
	vironmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:		
	of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto a		
	of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto a	article, outdoo	r).
Further explanations: Consumer application.			
Generic exposure scena	io: IFRA GES 8 (IU8).		
	ISE C19 Insecticides and repellents.		
	n standardized use descriptors see the European Chemic		
	ent, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidanc	e.echa.europ	a.eu/docs/guidance_document/
information_requirements 2. Conditions of use affe			
2.1 Control of consumer			
General:			
	t of substances classified as hazardous is not required if		
	or consumer end-products) is lower than the REACH reg		as listed in REACH Article 14.2. Concentration
this substance in product 2.2 Control of environme	s for this application/use is typically significantly less that	n 0.1%.	
General:			
	asures utilised must also comply with all relevant local reg	gulations.	
Amounts used:			
Daily wide dispersive use			
	sed at regional scale: 10 %.		
Frequency and duration Emission days: <=365 da			
Wide dispersive use.			
	ot influenced by risk management:		
Flow rate of receiving sur	face water: >=18,000 m3/day (default).		
	conditions affecting environmental exposure:		
Consumer use. Release fraction to air fro	om process (initial release): 1.00; (final release): 1.00.		
	ewater from process (initial release): 1.00; (final release):	1.00. Local re	lease rate: 0.002 kg/day.
Release fraction to soil fr	om process (final release): 0.20.		
Dry sludge application to	ons and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emi agricultural soil: Yes (default).	ssions and re	leases to soil:
	es related to municipal sewage treatment plant:		
	nent Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency=88.62%). e system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town)	
	es related to external treatment of waste for disposal:	<i>.</i>	
Particular considerations	on the waste treatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC b med for waste life stage. Waste disposal according to na		
Conditions and measure	es related to external recovery of waste:		
Additional good practice	advice:		
-			
•			
	IIUIIIIIUIII UTEOAN V2.3 - EUDED V2,1.		
Conditions and measure External recovery and re Additional good practice All risk management mea 3. Exposure estimation a	s related to external recovery of waste: cycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/	or national re	

Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes
Freshwater	0.0006761 mg/L	0.331	
Marine water	0.00006091 mg/L	0.254	
Soil	0.0003552 mg/kg dw	<0.01	
STP	0.0001195 mg/L	< 0.01	
RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PN			
otes: Direct and indirect exposure of the s			
xposure scenario (8): Consumer use	- Professional and consumer end-	use of cosmetic	CS
I. Exposure scenario (8)			
Short title of the exposure scenario: Consumer use - Professional and consum	per end-use of cosmetics		
List of use descriptors:			
Product category (PC): PC28, PC39			
Environmental release category (ERC): E		a.v2)	
Name of contributing environmental scer ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive p		articla indoor)	
Further explanations:			
Consumer application.			
Professional application.			
Generic exposure scenario: IFRA GES 10) (IU10).		
PC28: Perfumes, fragrances. PC39: Cosmetics, personal care products			
		cal Agency (ECH	A) Guidance on information requirements and
chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.1	2: Use descriptor system (http://guidano	ce.echa.europa.e	u/docs/guidance_document/
information_requirements_r12_en.pdf). F	or further information on CEFIC (The Eu	uropean Chemica	al Industry Council) Specific Environmental
Release Categories (SpERCs), see http://	/www.cefic.org/Industry-support/Implem	enting-reach/Libi	raries/.
2. Conditions of use affecting exposure 2.1 Control of consumer exposure			
General:			
For cosmetic and personal care products,	risk assessment only required for the e	nvironment unde	r REACH as human health is covered by
alternative legislation.			
2.2 Control of environmental exposure			
General:	ust also comply with all relevant local re	gulations	
All risk management measures utilised mu Amounts used:		gulations.	
Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000027 tons	s/day.		
Percentage of tonnage used at regional so	cale: 10 %.		
Frequency and duration of use:			
Emission days: <=365 days/year. Wide dispersive use.			
Environmental factors not influenced by	risk management:		
Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18			
Other given operational conditions affect	ting environmental exposure:		
Professional use.			
Indoor use. Consumer use.			
Release fraction to air from process (initia	I release): 0.0; (final release): 0.0 (SpEF	RC Cosmetics EL	Jrope 8a.1a.v2).
Release fraction to wastewater from proce			ase rate: 0.003 kg/day (SpERC Cosmetics
Europe 8a.1a.v2).		·····	
Release fraction to soil from process (fina Type of process: Substance applied in ag	, , , ,	• •	
Technical onsite conditions and measure			ases to soil:
Dry sludge application to agricultural soil:	Yes (default).		
Conditions and measures related to mun			
Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)			
Size of municipal sewage system/treatme Conditions and measures related to exte		ı).	
	•	ased assessmer	nt demonstrating control of risk with default
conditions. Low risk assumed for waste lif			
Conditions and measures related to exte			
External recovery and recycling of wastes	should comply with applicable local and	or national regul	ations.
Additional good practice advice: All risk management measures utilised mu	ust also comply with all relevant local re	gulations	
<u> </u>		yulaliolis.	
3. Exposure estimation and reference to i			
Assessment method-Environment: CHES	AR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.		
Environment		DOD	Notos
Effect/Compartment	Exposure estimate/PEC	RCR	Notes

Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	<u>Notes</u>	
0.0006795 mg/L	0.333		
0.00006125 mg/L	0.255		
0.0004485 mg/kg dw	<0.01		
0.0001536 mg/L	<0.01		
	0.0006795 mg/L 0.00006125 mg/L 0.0004485 mg/kg dw	0.0006795 mg/L 0.333 0.00006125 mg/L 0.255 0.00004485 mg/kg dw <0.01	0.0006795 mg/L 0.333 0.00006125 mg/L 0.255 0.00004485 mg/kg dw <0.01

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

Exposure scenario (9): Service life (consumers) - Use of substance in scented articles

1. Exposure scenario (9)

Short title of the exposure scenario:

Service life (consumers) - Use of substance in scented articles

List of use descriptors:

Environmental release category (ERC): ERC11a

Article category (AC): AC0

Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERCs:

ERC11a Widespread use of articles with low release (indoor)

For further information on standardized use descriptors see the European Chemical Agency (ECHA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.12: Use descriptor system (http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/ information_requirements_r12_en.pdf)

2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

2.1 Control of consumer exposure

General:

Fragranced end-products are available to consumers in the general public and in private households. A special case is the incorporation of fragrance compounds into fragranced articles. In the sense of REACH, the fragrance is a substance intended to be released from the article. However, articles containing fragrances are not considered since the concentrations of fragrance substances in these articles are below the REACH regulatory limit of 0.1%.

2.2 Control of environmental exposure

General:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations

Amounts used:

Daily wide dispersive use: 0.0000027 tons/day.

Percentage of tonnage used at regional scale: 10 %.

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days: <=365 days/year.

Wide dispersive use.

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management:

Flow rate of receiving surface water: >=18000 m3/day (default).

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Consumer use.

Release fraction to air from process (initial release): 0.0005; (final release): 0.0005.

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release): 0.0005; (final release): 0.0005. Local release rate: 0.00000135 kg/day.

Release fraction to soil from process (final release): 0.0.

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Dry sludge application to agricultural soil: Yes (default).

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): Yes (Efficiency=88.62%). Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant: >=2000 m3/day (standard town).

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Particular considerations on the waste treatment operations: No (low risk) (ERC based assessment demonstrating control of risk with default conditions. Low risk assumed for waste life stage. Waste disposal according to national/local legislation is sufficient.)

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Additional good practice advice:

All risk management measures utilised must also comply with all relevant local regulations

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Assessment method-Environment: CHESAR v2.3 - EUSES v2,1.

Environment

Exposure estimate/PEC	<u>RCR</u>	Notes	
0.0006642 mg/L	0.326		
0.00005972 mg/L	0.249		
0.00002889 mg/kg dw	<0.01		
0.0000007682 mg/L	<0.01		
	0.0006642 mg/L 0.00005972 mg/L 0.00002889 mg/kg dw	0.0006642 mg/L 0.326 0.00005972 mg/L 0.249 0.00002889 mg/kg dw <0.01	0.0006642 mg/L 0.326 0.00005972 mg/L 0.249 0.00002889 mg/kg dw <0.01

RCR=Risk characterization ratio (PEC/PNEC or Exposure estimate/DNEL); PEC=Predicted environmental concentration.

Notes: Direct and indirect exposure of the sediment compartment is unlikely and the substance is readily biodegradable.

4. Guidance to the Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.